### RICE & APOLLO DUST MEASUREMENTS

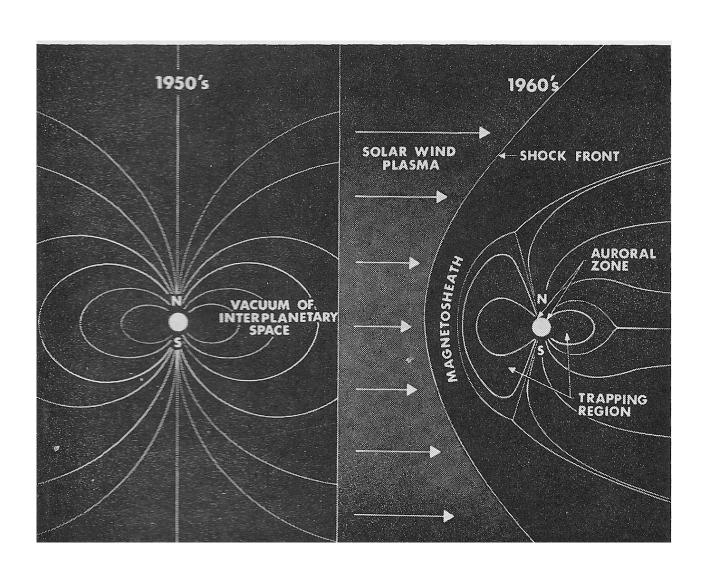
doi:10.1016/pss.2011.04.016

Prof. Brian J. O'Brien FTSE brianjobrien@ozemail.com.au

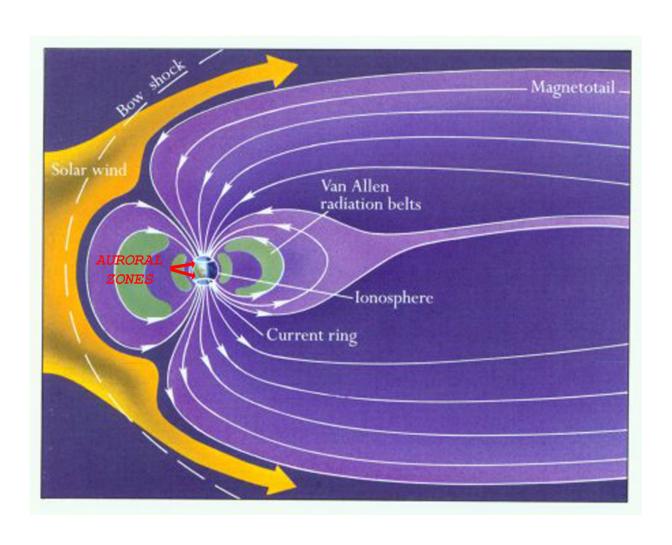
School of Physics, University of W.A.

Rice University, Houston, Texas, 25 July, 2011

## **HISTORICAL PERSPECTIVE IN 1960s**



## **EARTH'S MAGNETOSPHERE**



## 1966: "BORING" INERT MOON

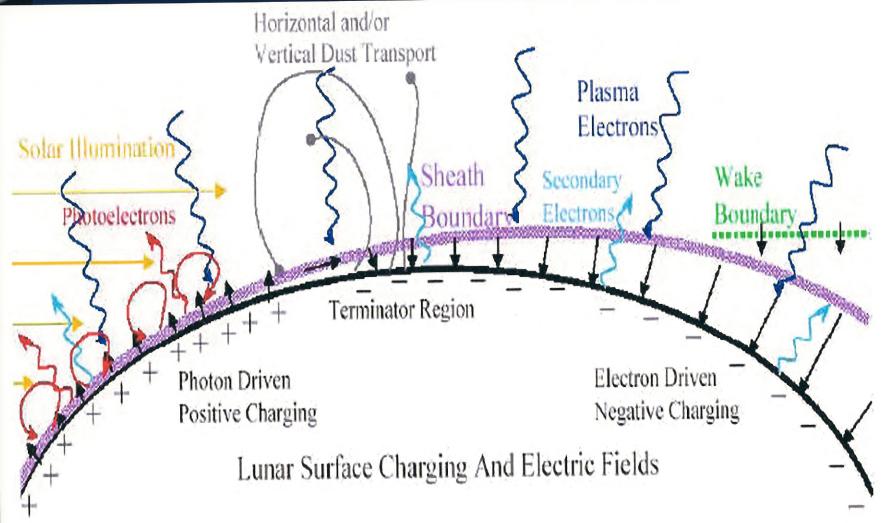
# CONVENIENT USEFUL NEAREST PLATFORM FOR SCIENCE OBSERVATORIES FREE FROM EARTHLY PROBLEMS

THICKNESS OF LUNAR DUST UNKNOWN

 CHARGED PARTICLE ENVIRONMENTS WERE SIMPLY CHALLENGING EXTENSIONS OF "USUAL" MAGNETOSPHERE & SOLAR WIND AND LINKS WITH LUNAR DUST WERE IGNORED



### **Lunar Electrostatic Environment**



# **2011**: MOON HAS "DUSTY PLASMAS", WILDLY CHANGING

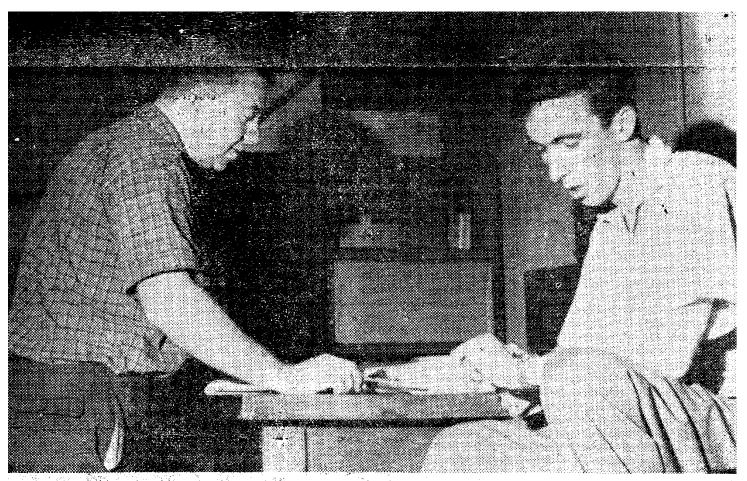
DUST ITSELF IS FASCINATING, MYSTERIOUS & AND DANGEROUS;

DUST IS NOW THOUGHT TO BE AN ACTIVE KEY PARTICIPANT IN COMPLEX & DYNAMICALLY CHANGING PLASMA ENVIRONMENTS.

THEORIES ARGUABLY BASED ON CURRENT

BELIEF LEAM MEASURED LUNAR DUST
O'BRIEN SUGGESTS IT WAS "NOISE BITS"

## VAN ALLEN & O'BRIEN 1961

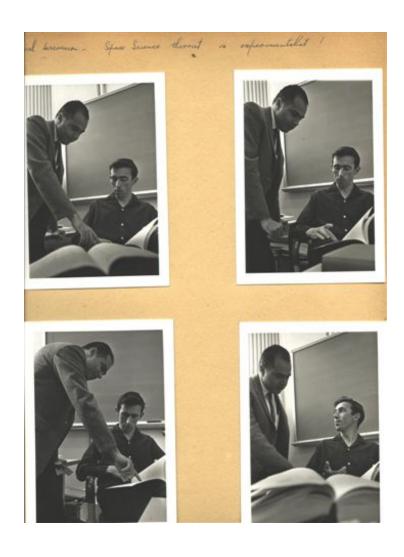


Tracking the 'Injun'

## VAN ALLEN & O'BRIEN 2004 (VAN'S 90<sup>TH</sup> BIRTHDAY PRESENT)



### **RICE 1963: THEORIST versus REALIST**

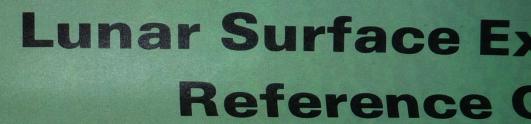


## "APOLLO" ASTRONAUT CLASS 1964



THAT YOU SHARD WITH THE IY OF US WILL BE ONE OF OUR MOST VANUABLE TOOLS IN THE EXPLORATION OF NOAR SPACE.

ACTRONALITY OF ACC OF 1064 HOLICTON

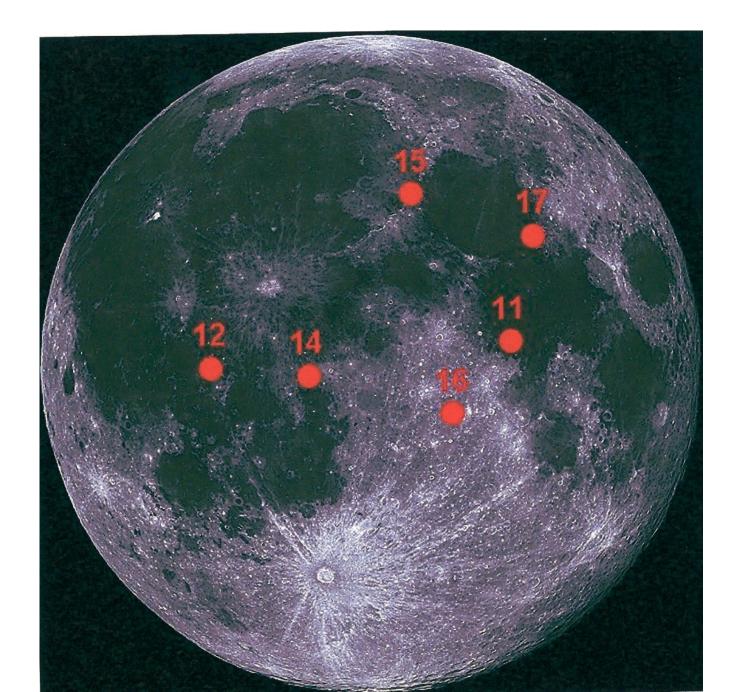


Bendix

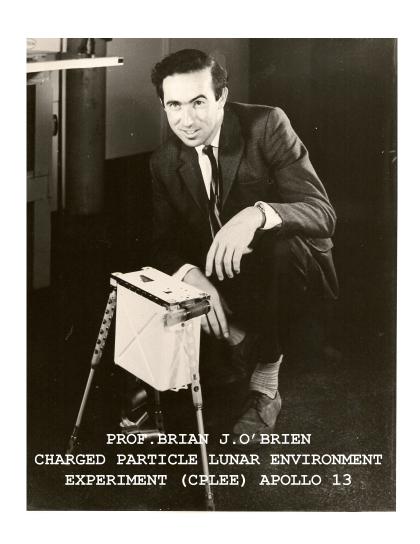
This Bendix Aerospace Lunar Surface Exploration Ref a number of experiments devised by the scientific commuto determine the compostion of the Earth's natural satellit



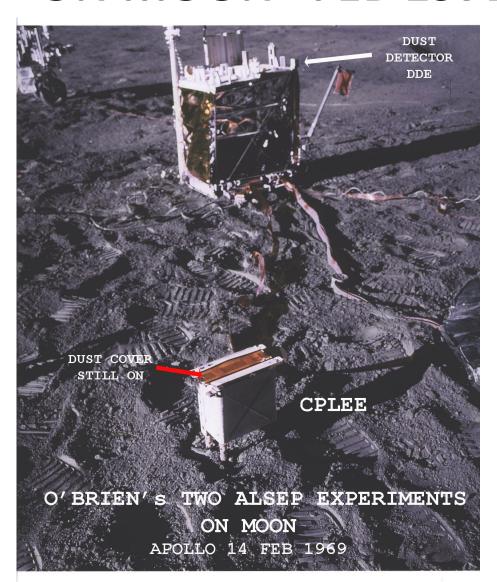
The astronaut carries the ALSEP subpackages in barbell fashion to the deployment site 300 feet from the Lunar Module (LM). The barbell design permits the astronaut a clear field of vision, so that he will not make a mis-step. The deployment site is far enough from the LM so that the experiments will not be damaged by the LM blastoff but still within the range capability of the astronauts' space suits.



## O'BRIEN & APOLLO 13 CPLEE



## CPLEE & DUST DETECTOR ON MOON FEB 1971



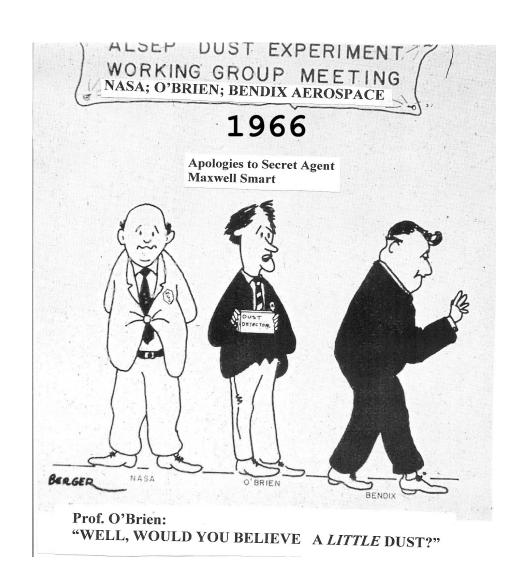
## Q. WHY BOTHER WITH OLD APOLLO DUST DATA?

A. BECAUSE THEY ARE STILL THE ONLY DIRECT BASIC DUST DATA FROM THE MOON SURFACE, THE ONLY *IN SITU* DUST DATA

### **APOLLO "TABOO" ABOUT DUST**

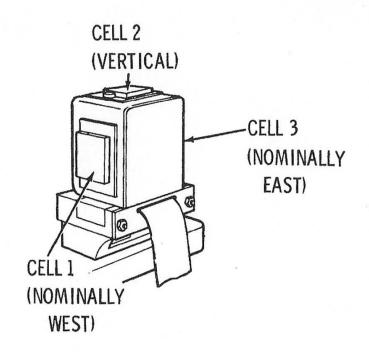
- NASA & AEROSPACE ACCEPTED DUST COVERS
- BUT NO PLANS TO MEASURE DUST EFFECTS,
   EVEN ON APOLLO 11
- DUST WAS "TABOO", KUMUNYTJAYI
  - SPACE SCIENCE BOARD REPORT AUGUST 1969
  - NASA APOLLO 17 PRELIM. SCIENCE REPORT 1973
- PERSISTS IN 2011 NASA DDE WEBSITES
- CULTURAL PROBLEM ENGINEERS/SCIENTISTS

## PI O'BRIEN aka MAXWELL SMART



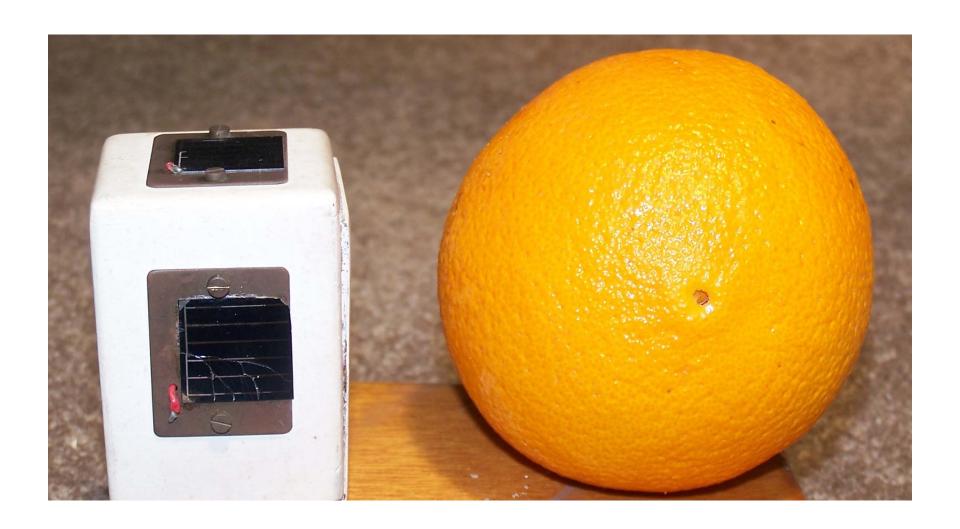
### **APOLLO 12 & 13 DUST DETECTOR**

### DUST DETECTOR



- TO ASSESS DUST ACCRETION ON ALSEP & INFER DEGRADATION OF THERMAL SURFACES
- USES THREE 2 CM X 2 CM PHOTOCELLS, EACH HAVING:
  - BLUE FILTER TO CUT OFF UV BELOW 0, 4 MICRONS
  - 0.060-IN, FUSED SILICA RADIATION PROTECTION
  - THERMISTOR ON REAR TO MONITOR TEMP

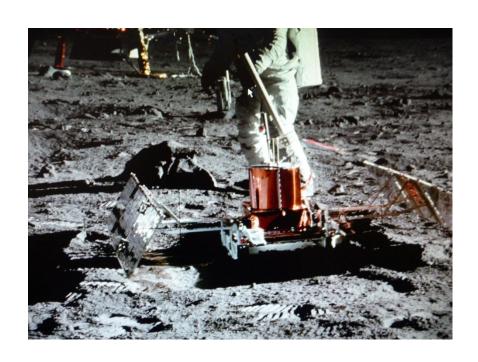
ALSEP FAMILIARIZATION COURSE HANDOUT
15 January 1969
BENDIX AEROSPACE SYSTEMS DIVISION



## DUST ON THE MOON: BASIC REALITIES & IMPORTANCE

**BUZZ & BIG ROCK AS SHIELD** 

"DUST IS #1 ENVIRONMENTAL PROBLEM ON THE MOON"

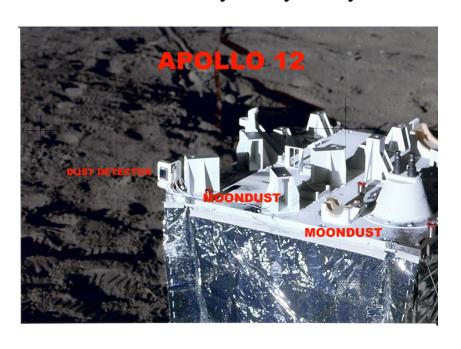


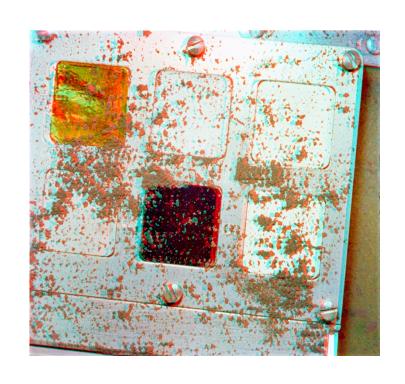


# YET ONLY TWO APOLLO DUST EXPERIMENTS PLANNED & IGNORED

DUST DETECTORS
APOLLO 11, 12, 14, 15

THERMAL DEGRADATION SAMPLES TDS APOLLO 14

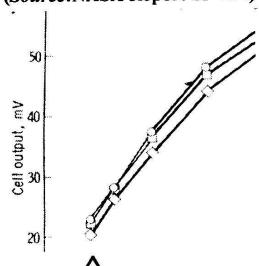


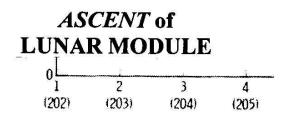


## OFFICIAL NASA REPORT SP-214 1 DATUM POINT PER 10 HOURS

#### APOLLO 11 DUST DETECTOR

Daily Plots of 3 Solar Cells (Source: NASA Report SP-214)





### DAYS (Day 202 is 21 July 1960)

#### NASA REPORT SP-214

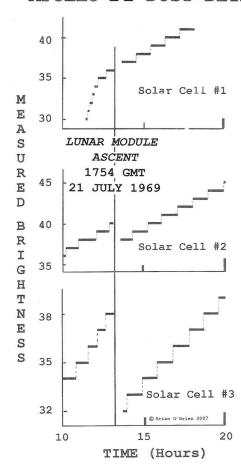
(Apollo 11 Preliminary Science Report)

Page 100: "The ...dust detector ...showed no signs of degradation from the lunar soil ... blown away during the (Lunar Module) ascent."

Page 200: "A preliminary analysis of (Dust Detector) data ...showed no appreciable cell degradation caused by dust or debris from the LM ascent." (see daily plots, Figure 10-3 in NASA SP-214).

## O'BRIEN'S REPORT Aug 14, 1969 1 DATUM POINT PER 54 SECS.

LUNAR MODULE ASCENT APOLLO 11 DUST DETECTOR



## **APOLLO 12 DUST DETECTOR**



FIG.1: O'Brien GRL 6 May 09

# DUST DETECTOR DDE DISCOVERIES

- O'BRIEN ET AL. J. APPL. PHYS. OCT., 1970
- O'BRIEN, doi:10.1029/2008GL037116, 2009
- O'BRIEN, doi:10.1016/pss.2011.04.016, 2011
- 7 DISCOVERIES OF "BASICS" TO DATE:
- 3 TYPES OF EFFECTS OF HUMAN ACTIVITIES;
- NATURAL EFFECTS ON STICKYNESS;
- SUNRISE ?HORIZON GLOW? (in preparation);
- ECLIPSES & LONG-TERM (7 YEAR) EFFECTS;
- ANALYSES CONTINUE, SELF-FUNDED

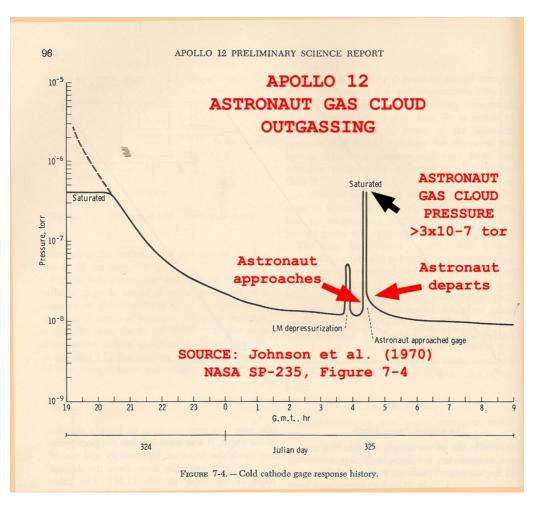
### THERMAL DEGRADATION SAMPLES (TDS)



TDS LOST ON RETURN TO QUARANTINE GOLD SP-272 (1971) FORGOTTEN, UNIQUE

7 PHOTOS: COHESIVE FORCE <u>MEASURED</u> INSIDE ASTRONAUT AURA (O'BRIEN 2011)

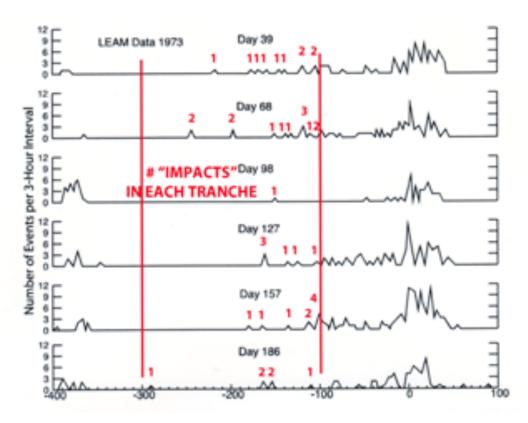
# TDS INSIDE OUTGASSING AURA OF ASTRONAUT: CONTAMINATED



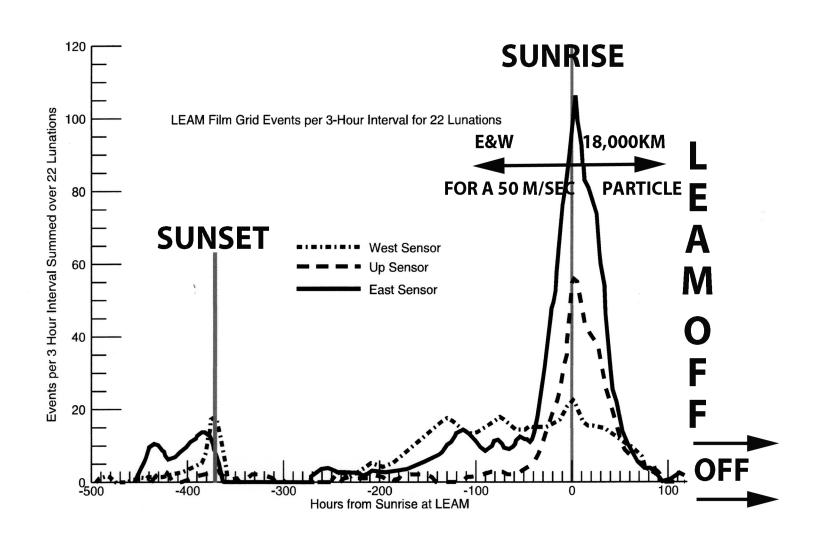
## LUNAR EJECTA & METEOROIDS (LEAM)



## DATA OCCUR IN BURSTS OF 1,2, 3 OR MORE IN <0.6 SECONDS (O'BRIEN 2011)



## **LEAM DATA OVER 22 LUNATIONS**



## **LEAM HAD MANY PROBLEMS**

**ALSEP TERMINATION REPORT** "LEAM WAS CHECKED DURING **EACH SUPPORT PERIOD;** LEAM SCIENCE DATA ALWAYS DEFECTIVE." (BATES ET AL. 1979, PAGE 5-16).

## 8 <u>UNEXPECTED</u> EFFECTS IN LEAM

- 1. DESIGNED TO MEASURE COSMIC DUST, DID NOT ?;
- 2. FALSE CLAIM "VIRTUALLY IDENTICAL TO ..PIONEER 8": O'BRIEN (S.6.6) LISTS 14 MAJOR DIFFERENCES;
- 3. "EVENTS" FROM SINGLE FILMS NOT TELESCOPES;
- 4. COUNTS HUNDREDS OF TIMES EXPECTED;
- 5. PULSE HEIGHTS MAXIMUM, "OPPOSITE EXPECTED";
- 6. EVENT COUNTER MULTIPLE ADVANCES PER EVENT;
- 7. OVERHEATING FORCED TURNOFF 200/700 HOURS;
- 8. COVERS ASSUMED OFF 9 DAYS AFTER COMMAND.

## CAUSE OF LEAM "EVENTS": BELIEF SINCE 1977

- LEAM EVENTS "ASSUMED CONSISTENT WITH SUNRISE/SUNSET TRIGGERED LEVITATION & TRANSPORT OF SLOW MOVING HIGHLY-CHARGED LUNAR DUST PARTICLES" (COLWELL ET AL., Para 63);
- "ARGUABLY, THE MOST COMPELLING EVIDENCE FOR THE PRESENCE OF OTHER DUST POPULATIONS CAME FROM ...LEAM".... SUCH AS A LEVITATED DUST EXOSPHERE (STUBBS ET Al., 2010, page 831)
- <u>BUT</u> 4 SUITES OF PARTICLES SUGGESTED BY BAILEY
   & FRANTSVOG (1977) SEEM NOT INVESTIGATED?;
- AND ARE LEAM PARTICLES +VE OR –VE OR BOTH??

### **2 FOUNDATIONS OF 1977 HYPOTHESIS**

1 PERKINS THEORETICAL CIRCUIT ANALYSIS
2BAILEY LIMITED EXPERIMENTAL TESTS
PREDICT & FIND "MULTIPLE" EVENTS
COULD BE NEGATIVE OR POSITIVE
PARTICLES

**REMAINING UNCERTAINTIES INCLUDE:** 

- 4 SUITES OF OTHER PARTICLES (B&F 1977);
- •RANGE OF SPEEDS <30m/sec AND 100m/sec TO 300m/sec UNEXPLORED;
- •MANY UNEXPLAINED FEATURES OF DATA

## "DETECTIVE O'BRIEN" CLUE BY CLUE

- RAW DATA IN "BURSTS" MULTIPLE EVENTS
- CONCLUDE THAT DURATION OF A BURST
   <0.6 SECS OUT OF 3 HRS 18,000 FRAMES</li>
- BENDIX TEST <u>PRE-FLIGHT</u> "NOISE BURSTS"
- ASK POSSIBLE LUNAR CAUSES OF BURSTS?
- IDENTIFY SUNRISE & SUNSET SWITCHING
   OF HEAVY CURRENTS IN DOZEN HEATERS
- <u>BUT NO CORRELATION HAS YET BEEN</u>
  MADE OF A SWITCH WITH A LEAM COUNT

### **SUPPLEMENTARY CLUES**

- <u>ECLIPSES</u> SURROGATE SUNRISE & SUNSET:
   NO INCREASED EVENTS FAVOURS NOISE
- 5 TIMES MORE FREQUENT AT SUNRISE: <u>INTERRUPT</u> CURRENTS NOT START THEM
- NIGHT EVENTS: ALSEP SYSTEM SWITCHES
- ABSOLUTE # OF EVENTS (SCORES/DAY): ROUGHLY EQUAL # OF SWITCHES
- SO NEED TO RE-EXAMINE <u>FOUNDATIONS</u>
   OF 1977 LUNAR DUST HYPOTHESIS

#### TWO PLAUSIBLE CAUSES OF LEAM COUNTS

#### **CAVEAT: LEAM HAD MANY OPERATIONAL PROBLEMS**

#### "LUNAR DUST" IS CONSISTENT ON 3 POINTS:

- 1. DOUBLE OR MULTIPLE COUNTING OF SLOW PULSES
- 2. INCOMPLETE LAB TESTS WITH IRON BALLS NOT DUST
- 3. THEORIES RE SUNRISE (& SUNSET?) HIGHER COUNTS

#### **"NOISE DUST" CONSISTENT ON 7 POINTS:**

- 1. "BURSTS" IN TIME BUBBLES < 0.6 SECONDS FROM NOISE
- 2. PRE-FLIGHT 3 TESTS CAUSED "NOISE BITS" ONLY IN LEAM
- 3. SUNRISE & SUNSET HIGHER COUNTS: PEAK # SWITCHES
- 4. 5 TIMES MORE SUNRISE COUNTS THAN # AT SUNSET \*
- 5. NO INCREASED COUNTS AT LUNAR ECLIPSES: NO HEATERS\*
- 6. COUNTS DURING DEEP NIGHT: FROM ALSEP SYSTEM\*
- 7. ABSOLUTE NUMBER OF EVENTS: 12 HEATERS + SYSTEM\*

## TO BE ADDED AFTER NLSI DISCUSSIONS 19-21 JULY